



How to prevent a cyberattack in radiotherapy? Measures to implement

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Summary



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1. Introduction

WHAT IS A CYBERATTACK?

Cyberattack is any attempt to gain unauthorized access to a computer, computing system or computer network with the intent to cause damage

1. Introduction



Healthcare providers, such as hospitals, maintain personal and private health information about patients



Hackers can steal information to:

Benefit financially
Damage the institution's reputation

Ask for ransom money for restoration of data and systems integrity

So... healthcare providers are major targets of cyberattacks!

1. Introduction

Major cyberattacks on healthcare in Europe (2nd half of 2021)





2. Objective

- Healthcare organizations are a prime target for cyberattacks

- Oncology services are among those that can suffer the most, as they are very susceptible to the consequences of such attacks on patient care procedures

Preventing measures

Avoid losing important data, business disruption, financial expenses for restoring systems and files, and reputation damage



A review of prospective literature with the keywords:

Radiotherapy	Cyberattack	Cybersecurity	Radiation Oncology
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- Scientific articles
- Published since 2016
- Based on cyberattacks occurred in radiation oncology hospitals and which affected their practices

A prevention plan requires a change in strategies, tactics, and culture around cybersecurity in radiotherapy



Information Storage

Maintain paper records

Consider offline storage/backups

Have regular and not just one semi regular backup

Create an intercommunication system between the service interface system (eg. Mosaiq) and a security server for data archiving

Get Cloud storage services (prefer encrypted patient data)





Protocol	S

Establish and test both disaster and communication plans

Develop incident response plans covering newly acquired products or systems

Non-electronic protocols updated and readily available for activation



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Cooperation with IT

Involve the IT department in the stages of service procurement

When it's a specific team, define roles, responsibilities, workflows and monitoring of the systems aligned with the basic hospital procedures



Services Evaluation

Develop an update policy: operating system, software and anti-virus

Be careful with the interoperability

List the security requirements for each different component to avoid gaps

Undertake audits to ckeck if all processes are defined and being performed correctly

Get firewall protection and test regularly the locations and software



Suppliers Ensure that vulnerabilities are considered before procuring new products or services and that they're monitored Determine a minimum set of security tests and risks assessments to be performed on acquired products or systems Define business continuity plans for if there is failure of a system Establish security baseline requirements

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Network access

Have limited and controlled Wi-Fi access

Implement network segmentation: isolate all devices connected to the network from the rest of the network

Keep a medical device off of the network if it's needed to use an old version of the operating system known to have vulnerabilities

Limit or not use USB devices

Have computers time-out and lock screen





Data Export

Require encryption if data leaves the organisation

Data can be copied to an external disk drive for storage in an alternative secure off site location



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Employee training

Train staff that's working on site

Educate users



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Alternative communication routes

Create alternative secure messaging and emergency call services for all hospital services

Develop a wired backup network with basic internet connectivity



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5. Conclusion



Organizations providing oncology care should be alerted to the possibility of cyberattacks



6. Acknowledgements

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advanced oncology solutions

7. References

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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!