



Performing a risk analysis of processes in the radiation oncology department



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Kantonsspital Baden

KSB

"Radiotherapy is widely known to be one of the safest areas of modern medicine, yet, for some, this essential treatment can bring harm, personal tragedy and even death"

Source: Radiotherapy Risk Profile WHO/IER/PSP/2008.12







Background and Aim

- Structured annual risk analysis required
- Implement tool to identify vulnerabilities
- Evaluate as many clinically relevant processes
- <u>Outcome</u>: improve quality of radiotherapy treatment and patient safety







Method: HFMEA 'light version'

- <u>The Healthcare Failure Mode And Effect Analysis method</u> (HFMEA)
- Multiple time-intensive brainstorm meetings with full team
 Disadvantage: Extremely time-consuming

HFMEA 'light version'

• Focusses on the highest risks

Main advantage: Less work, work independently and daily operations can go on





Method: HFMEA 'light version'

The basics step-by-step









Scope of the study



Source: Radiotherapy Risk Profile WHO/IER/PSP/2008.12





The process and how we identify the top 10 potential risks

HFMEA-light worksheet

List Process steps

Possible Errors/Consequences

Possible Causes

Severity Score

Probability Score

Possible Solutions





The HFMEA worksheet

Process step description	Possible errors	Possible consequences	Severity score	Severity score (tekst)	Probability score	Probability score (tekst)	Risk score	Possible causes	Possible solutions
Paper concept	Transmission error	False radiation treatment	4	Catastrophical	2	Annual	8	 No 4-eye-principe Human failure The paper concept is changed, but the electronical concept not 	Only an electronical concept (no paper concept)





Results

Top 10 findings:

• 10 process steps with the highest risks

Discussion:

- Review top 10 risks with all participants
- Discuss potential causes
- Discuss the possible risk
 mitigation
- Agree and implement the improvement actions





Conclusion

Study:

Identified possible sources of errors for the 1. Chart-Check and developed improvement measures



Result:

This method has been accepted by the employer and established as the department's standard tool for risk analyses





THANK YOU QUESTIONS?

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Probability and Severity Score

Severity	Score	Description score			
Catastrophic	4	The error may lead to serious injury or death to the patient			
Major		The error may lead to serious permanent damage to the patient's functioning (motor			
	3	skills, intelligence) and/or have a major impact on the quality of the irradiation.			
Low	2	The error has a low effect on patient safety and/or irradiation quality			
Small	1	The error has no effect on patient safety and/or irradiation quality			
Probability	Score	Description score			
Probability Often	Score 4	Description score The error is very likely to occur (once in 5 (>95%) of the 1. Chart-Checks)			
Probability Often	Score 4	Description scoreThe error is very likely to occur (once in 5 (>95%) of the 1. Chart-Checks)The error is likely to occur within a short period of time (once in 5 to 10 (70-95%) of			
Probability Often Regularly	Score 4	Description score The error is very likely to occur (once in 5 (>95%) of the 1. Chart-Checks) The error is likely to occur within a short period of time (once in 5 to 10 (70-95%) of 1.Chart-Checks)			
Probability Often Regularly Annually	Score 4 3 2	Description score The error is very likely to occur (once in 5 (>95%) of the 1. Chart-Checks) The error is likely to occur within a short period of time (once in 5 to 10 (70-95%) of 1.Chart-Checks) The error may occur (once in 10-30 (35-70%) of 1.Chart-Checks)			





Example: HFMEA worksheet

Process step description	Possible errors	Possible consequences	Severity score	Severity score (tekst)	Probability score	Probability score (tekst)	Risk score	Possible causes	Possible solutions
Set-up bolus	 Bolus on the wrong side of the machine Bolus change during preparation 	 Over- or underdosage/false radiotherapy treatment (due the wrong bolus position) Skin reaction 	3	Major	2	Annual	6	1) Human error	1) Reminder for all Machine Managers (don't change DRR bolus + no imaging planning on bolus set-up fields)







Boxplots

Boxplots:

- We have merged all the individual scores per process step (in Excel)

Prioritise:

1. Highest minimum: which prioritises all the risks, based on where the minimum scores are the highest

- serveral risks with the same priority: therefore we use the second prioritisation
- 2. Highest maximum: prioritise the highest score per risk
- 3. Highest standard deviation and Highest average



Boxplots









Improvement measures

Machine Managers (groups of two) - adjust improvement measure

- Meeting every 2 weeks: update
- 1. Update of various workflows (including 1. Chart-Check, Treatment Preparation, Imaging)
- 2. Tool to document the patient positioning during planning CT more easily
- 3. The morning check document from planning CT updated
- 4. Document in which physicians write planning notes, is modified
 - More clear which scheduling CT was used for radiation planning, as many patients receive multiple CTs
- 5. Changed the names of documents (workflows) in our system
- Advantage: making it easier to see which documents exist.
- Before, the documents all started with the word `workflow` and now it immediately says for example Breathhold Planning-CT, OSMS radiations,